x330 Series

Stackable Multi-Gigabit Layer 3 Access Switches

The Allied Telesis x330 Series Layer 3 Gigabit switches offer an impressive set of features that make them an ideal access solution for modern applications.

Overview

Allied Telesis x330 Series provides an excellent Gigabit to the desktop solution with Multi-Gigabit and 10 Gigabit copper uplinks. The compact fanless design of the 10GTX, 20GTX and 28GTX provide silent operation for work area deployment.

With support for Layer 3 routing protocols, the x330 Series can also be deployed as distribution or small branch office core switches, with the ability to stack (20GTX, 28GTX and 52GTX) providing scalability and resiliency.

Manageable

The x330 Series run the advanced AlliedWare Plus™ fully featured operating system, delivering a rich feature set and an industry-standard Command Line Interface (CLI). This reduces training requirements and is consistent across all AlliedWare Plus devices, simplifying management.

The web-based Graphical User Interface (GUI) is an easy-to-use and powerful management tool, with comprehensive monitoring facilities.

Network Management

Vista Manager™ EX bundled with Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework™ Plus (AMF Plus) meets the increasing management requirements of modern networks. While AMF Plus allows an entire network to be securely and easily managed as a single virtual device, Vista Manager EX provides an intuitive and powerful graphical tool for monitoring and managing AMF Plus wired, Autonomous Wave Control (AWC) wireless, and third party (SNMP) devices.

Cybersecurity

The x330 Series acting as AMF Plus members are compatible with our AMF-Security solution, which enables a self-defending network. The AMF–Sec controller responds immediately to any internal malware threats by instructing the x330 Series to isolate the affected part of the network, and quarantine the suspect device. Vista Manager EX alerts networks administrators of threats that have been dealt with.

Network protection

Advanced features include bandwidth limiting, policy-based and packet storm protection.

Network storms are often caused by cabling errors that result in a loop. The x330 Series uses loop detection and thrash limiting, and takes immediate action to prevent network storms.

Secure

Network security is guaranteed, with powerful control over network traffic types, secure management options, and other multi-layered security features built right in.

Network Access Control (NAC) gives unprecedented control over user access to the network, in order to mitigate threats to network infrastructure.

Allied Telesis x330 switches use 802.1x port-based authentication, in partnership with standards-compliant dynamic VLAN assignment, to assess a user's adherence to network security policies and either grant access or offer remediation. Tri-authentication ensures the network is only accessed by known users and devices. Secure access is also available for guests.

Security from malicious network attacks is provided by a comprehensive range of features such as DHCP snooping, STP root guard, BPDU protection and access control lists. Each of these can be configured to perform a variety of actions upon detection of a suspected attack.

Resilient

Allied Telesis Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRing™), and the standards-based G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection, ensure that distributed network segments have high-speed, resilient access to online resources and applications.

Future-proof

The x330 Series are Software Defined Networking (SDN) ready and able to support OpenFlow v1.3.

ECO friendly

The x330 Series support Energy Efficient Ethernet, which automatically reduces the power consumed by the switch whenever there is no traffic on a port.

The x330 Series includes fanless models, which are ideal for desktop or work area deployment.

Key Features

- ▶ AlliedWare Plus Enterprise-class operating system
- ▶ Autonomous Management Framework Plus (AMF Plus)
- ▶ Vista Manager EX compatible
- ▶ VCStack up to 6 units (20GTX, 28GTX, and 52GTX)
- ▶ AMF-Security compatible
- ▶ 10G copper and fiber uplinks
- ▶ Multi-Gigabit (1/2.5/5/10G) port for flexible uplink options
- ▶ EPSRing™ and G.8032 for resilient rings
- ▶ EPSR Master
- ▶ Energy Efficient Ethernet saves power
- ▶ Upstream Forwarding Only (UFO)
- ▶ Active Fiber Monitoring
- ▶ Static and dynamic routing
- ▶ Fanless for silent operation (10GTX, 20GTX, 28GTX)
- ▶ Web-based Device GUI
- ▶ Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP)
- ▶ Link Monitoring
- ▶ NETCONF/RESTCONF with YANG data modelling

AlliedWare Plus OPERATING SYSTEM | **VISTA** MANAGER™EX | **AMF** PLUS | **EPSR**ING™ | **AMF-Sec** | **VCStack**™ | **ACTIVE** FIBER MONITORING™ | eco friendly

Key Features

Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework™ Plus (AMF Plus)

▶ AMF Plus is a sophisticated suite of management tools that provide a simplified approach to network management. Common tasks are automated or made so simple that the every-day running of a network can be achieved without the need for highly-trained, and expensive, network engineers. Powerful features like centralized management, auto-backup, auto-upgrade, auto-provisioning and auto-recovery enable plug-and-play networking and zero-touch management.

▶ From AW+ 5.5.2-2 onwards, an AMF Plus license operating in the network provides all standard AMF network management and automation features, and also enables the AMF Plus intent-based networking features menu in Vista Manager EX (from version 3.10.1 onwards).

Virtual Chassis Stacking (VCStack™)

▶ The x330-20GTX, 28GTX, and 52GTX can form a VCStack of up to six switches, with 40 Gbps of stacking bandwidth. VCStack provides a highly-available system in which network resources are spread out across stacked units, minimizing the impact should any unit fail.

Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRing™)

▶ EPSRing allows several x330 switches to join a protected ring capable of recovery within as little as 50ms. This feature is perfect for high availability in enterprise networks.

▶ The x330 Series can act as the ESPR Master, or be deployed as an EPSR transit node.

G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection

▶ G.8032 provides standards-based high-speed ring protection, that can be deployed stand-alone, or interoperate with Allied Telesis EPSR. Ethernet Connectivity Fault Monitoring (CFM) proactively monitors links and VLANs, and provides alerts when a fault is detected.

Access Control Lists (ACLs)

▶ The x330 Series feature industry-standard access control functionality through ACLs. ACLs filter network traffic to control whether packets are forwarded or blocked at the port interface. This provides a powerful network security mechanism to select the types of traffic to be analyzed, forwarded, or influenced in some way. An example of this would be to provide traffic flow control.

VLAN ACLs

▶ Simplify access and traffic control across entire segments of the network. Access Control Lists (ACLs) can be applied to a Virtual LAN (VLAN) as well as a specific port.

Upstream Forwarding Only (UFO)

▶ UFO lets you manage which ports in a VLAN can communicate with each other, and which only have upstream access to services, for secure multi-user deployment.

Easy To Manage

▶ The AlliedWare Plus operating system incorporates an industry standard CLI, facilitating intuitive manageability.

▶ With three distinct modes, the CLI is very secure, and the use of SSHv2 encrypted and strongly authenticated remote login sessions ensures CLI access is not compromised.

▶ As a Layer 3 switch, a static route can be added to allow a user in a different subnet to manage the switch.

▶ The Device GUI enables graphical monitoring and management of the switch, simplifying administration

Open Shortest Path First (OSPFv2,OSPFv3)

▶ OSPF is a scalable and adaptive routing protocol for IP networks. The addition of OSPFv3 provides support for IPv6 and further strength for next generation networking.

Storm protection

▶ Advanced packet storm control features protect the network from broadcast storms: Bandwidth limiting minimizes the effects of the storm by reducing the amount of flooding traffic.

▶ Policy-based storm protection is more powerful than bandwidth limiting. It restricts storm damage to within the storming VLAN, and it provides the flexibility to define the traffic rate that creates a broadcast storm. The action the device should take when it detects a storm can be configured, such as disabling the port from the VLAN or shutting the port down.

▶ Packet storm protection allows limits to be set on the broadcast reception rate, multicast frames and destination lookup failures. In addition, separate limits can be set to specify when the device will discard each of the different packet types.

sFlow

▶ sFlow is an industry-standard technology for monitoring high-speed switched networks. It provides complete visibility into network use, enabling performance optimization, usage accounting/billing, and defense against security threats. Sampled packets sent to a collector ensure a real-time view of network traffic.

Loop protection

▶ Thrash limiting, also known as Rapid MAC movement, detects and resolves network loops. It is highly user-configurable — from the rate of looping traffic to the type of action the switch should take when it detects a loop.

▶ With thrash limiting, the switch only detects a loop when a storm has occurred, which can potentially cause disruption to the network. To avoid this, loop detection works in conjunction with thrash limiting to send special packets, called Loop Detection Frames (LDF), that the switch listens for. If a port receives an LDF packet, one can choose to disable the port, disable the link, or send an SNMP trap.

Tri-authentication

▶ Authentication options on the x330 Series include alternatives to 802.1x port-based authentication, such as web authentication, to enable guest access and MAC authentication for end points that do not have an 802.1x supplicant. All three authentication methods—802.1x, MAC-based and Web-based—can be enabled simultaneously on the same port, resulting in tri-authentication.

TACACS+ Command Authorization

▶ TACACS+ Command Authorization offers centralized control over which commands may be issued by each specific AlliedWare Plus device user. It complements authentication and accounting services for a complete AAA solution.

Premium Software License

▶ By default, the x330 Series offer a comprehensive Layer 2 and basic Layer 3 feature set that includes static routing and IPv6 management features. The feature set can easily be elevated to full Layer 3 by applying the premium software license. This adds dynamic routing protocols and Layer 3 multicasting capabilities.

Unidirectional Link Detection

▶ Unidirectional Link Detection (UDLD) is useful for monitoring fiber-optic links between two switches that use two single-direction fibers to transmit and receive packets. UDLD prevents traffic from being sent across a bad link by blocking the ports at both ends of the link in the event that either the individual transmitter or receiver for that connection fails.

Active Fiber Monitoring

▶ Active Fiber Monitoring prevents eavesdropping on fiber communications by monitoring received optical power. If an intrusion is detected, the link can be automatically shut down, or an operator alert can be sent.

NETCONF/RESTCONF

▶ NETCONF/RESTCONF with YANG data modeling provides a standardized way to represent data and securely configure devices.

Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP)

▶ MSDP enables two or more PIM-SM (Sparse Mode) domains to share information on active multicast sources, for more efficient forwarding of multicast traffic.

Link Monitoring (Linkmon)

▶ Linkmon enables network health monitoring by regularly sending probes over key links to gather metrics comprising latency, jitter, and probe loss. This supports pro-active network management, and can also be used with triggers to automate a change to device or network configuration in response to the declining health of a monitored link.
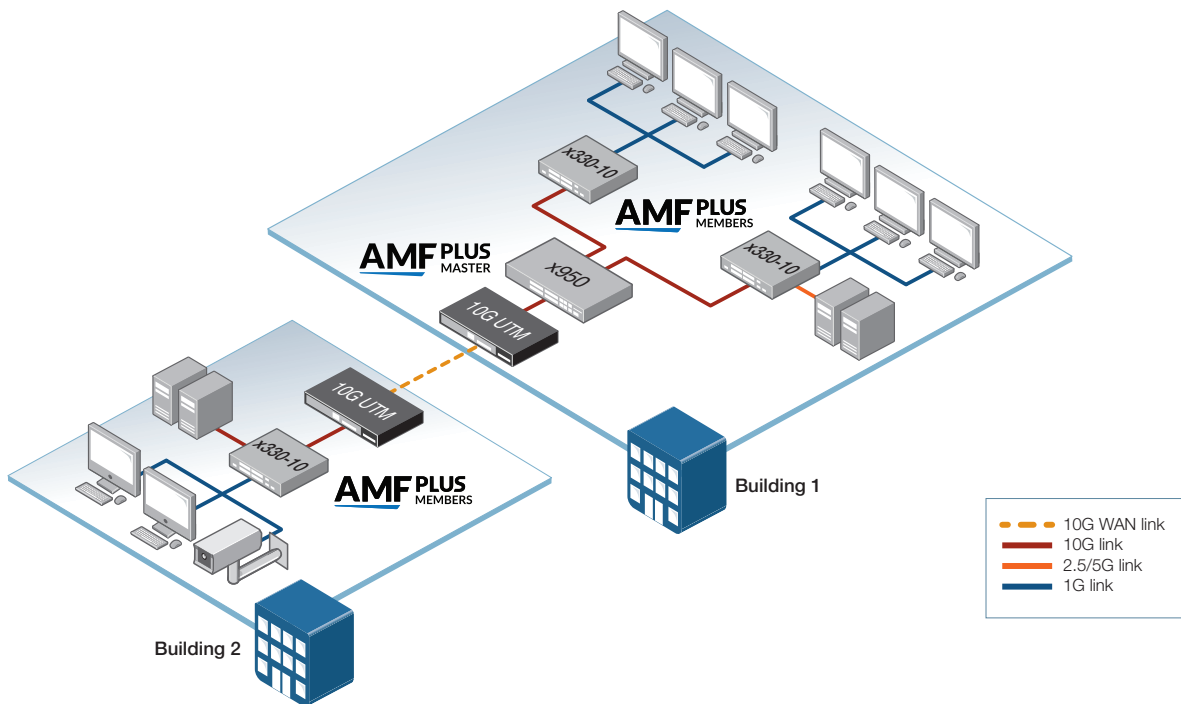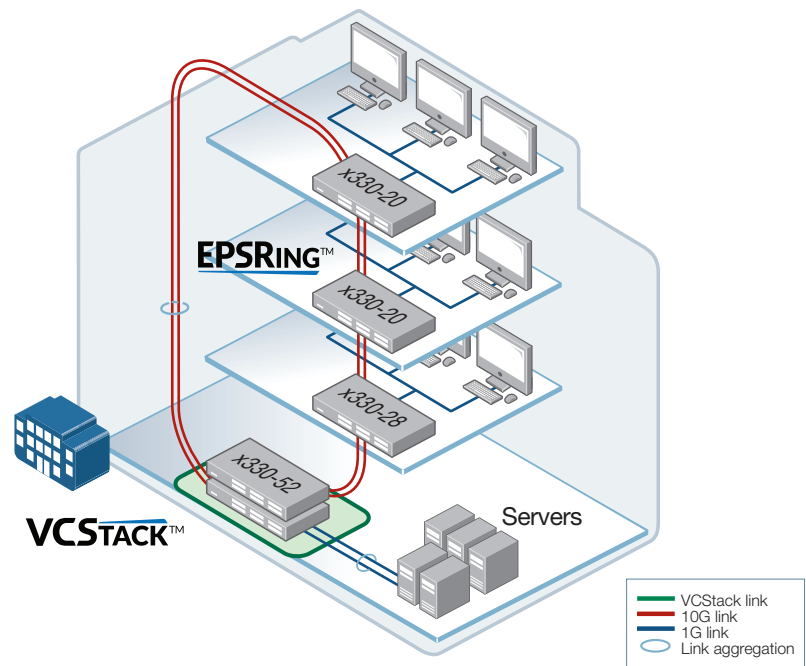
VLAN Translation

▶ VLAN Translation allows traffic arriving on a VLAN to be mapped to a different VLAN on the outgoing interface.

▶ Service Providers can provide customers with a unique VLAN ID, which can be changed for data transfer through the SP's network.

▶ In the Enterprise, it can be used to merge two networks together, without manually reconfiguring the VLAN numbering scheme.

Key Solutions

Resilient small network core

The x330-20GTX, 28GTX, and 52GTX can form a VCStack of up to 6 switches to provide load-sharing and network redundancy for flexible deployment. The addition of dynamic routing and multicasting capability, makes the x330 Series ideal as a resilient small network core solution.

The x330 series support EPSR master capability with no feature license required. With EPSRing, the x330 series can deliver high-performance resilient ring connectivity with automatic recovery in as little as 50ms.

EPSRING™

VCSTACK™

Servers

—	VCStack link
—	10G link
—	1G link
◯	Link aggregation

AMF PLUS MASTER

AMF PLUS MEMBERS

AMF PLUS MEMBERS

Building 1

Building 2

- - -	10G WAN link
—	10G link
—	2.5/5G link
—	1G link

Flexible deployment

The fanless and compact design of the x330-10GTX makes it ideal for use in office spaces where quiet operation is required. Advanced network control features ensure secure always-on access to online resources and applications.

10 Gigabit uplinks from the x330-10GTX edge switches provides maximum throughput, and business buildings can be connected with secure 10G WAN connectivity for high performance. The flexible x330 series are capable of connecting at 2.5G and 5G Multi-Gigabit speeds, which enables fully flexible deployment that maximizes network and building infrastructure.

Specifications

Performance
- Supports 10KB L2 jumbo frames for 2.5G connections, or 12KB for all other connection speeds (10GTX,20GTX,28GTX)
- Supports 10KB L2 jumbo frames for 1000M, 2.5G connections, or 12KB for 5G, 10G connection speeds, does not support jumbo frames for 10/100M connection speeds (52GTX)
- Wire speed multicasting
- 4094 configurable VLANs
- 16K MAC addresses
- 1GB DDR3 SDRAM, 256MB NAND flash memory
- Packet buffer memory: 2MB

Reliability
- Modular AlliedWare Plus operating system
- Temperature and internal voltages. SNMP traps alert network managers in case of any failure

Expandability
- Create a VCStack of up to six x330-20GTX, 28GTX, and 52GTX switches
- Versatile licensing options for additional features

Flexibility and Compatibility
- 10G SFP+ ports will support any combination of Allied Telesis 1000Mbps SFP and 10GbE SFP+ modules and direct attach cables listed in this document under Ordering Information
- The 1/2.5/5/10G Multi-Gigabit port enables flexible uplink options, and support for legacy cabling
- Port speed and duplex configuration can be set manually or by auto-negotiation
- Front-panel SFP+ stacking ports can be configured as 1G/10G Ethernet ports

Diagnostic Tools
- Connectivity Fault Management (CFM) - Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) for use with G.8032 ERPS
- Built-In Self Test (BIST)
- Ping polling and traceroute for IPv4 and IPv6
- Optical Digital Diagnostic Monitoring (DDM)
- Find-me device locator
- Automatic link flap detection and port shutdown
- Cable fault locator (TDR)
- Link Monitoring
- Uni-Directional Link Detection (UDLD)
- Active Fiber Monitoring detects tampering on optical links

IPv4 Features
- Equal Cost Multi Path (ECMP) routing
- Static unicast and multicast routing for IPv4
- UDP broadcast helper (IP helper)
- Directed broadcast forwarding
- DHCP client, relay and server for IPv4
- Black hole routing
- DNS relay
- Route redistribution (OSPF and RIP)
- Policy-based routing

IPv6 Features
- Device management over IPv6 networks with
- SNMPv6, Telnetv6 and SSHv6
- IPv4 and IPv6 dual stack

- Log to IPv6 hosts with Syslog v6
- NTPv6 client and server
- DNSv6 client, DNSv6 relay
- DHCPv6 client, relay and server for IPv6
- Static IPv6 unicast and multicast routing
- IPv6 aware storm protection and QoS
- IPv6 hardware ACLs

Management
- Industry-standard CLI with context-sensitive help
- Built-in text editor and powerful CLI scripting engine
- Comprehensive SNMP MIB support for standards-based device management
- Console management port on the front panel for ease of access
- Event-based triggers allow user-defined scripts to be executed upon selected system events
- NETCONF/RESTCONF northbound interface with YANG data modelling
- Eco-friendly mode allows ports and LEDs to be disabled to save power
- OpenFlow v1.3 for software-defined network orchestration
- USB interface allows software release files, configurations and other files to be stored for backup and distribution to other devices
- Front panel 7-segment LED provides at-a-glance status and fault information
- Web-based Graphical User Interface (GUI)
- Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework Plus (AMF Plus) enables powerful centralized management and zero-touch device installation and recovery.

Quality of Service
- IP precedence and DiffServ marking based on Layer 2, 3 and 4 headers
- Queue scheduling options for strict priority, weighted round robin or mixed scheduling
- Taildrop for queue congestion control
- Extensive remarking capabilities
- Policy-based QoS based on VLAN, port, MAC and general packet classifiers
- Type of Services (ToS) IP precedence and DiffServ marking based on layer 2, 3 and 4 headers
- Limit bandwidth per port or per traffic class down to 64kbps
- 8 priority queues with a hierarchy of high priority queues for real time traffic, and mixed scheduling, for each switch port
- Policy-based storm protectionl
- Wirespeed traffic classification with low latency essential for VoIP and real-time streaming media applications

Resiliency Features
- EPSRing (Ethernet Protection Switched Rings) with Super Loop Protection (SLP) and enhanced recovery
- STP root guard
- Loop protection: thrash limiting and loop detection
- Dynamic link failover (host attach)
- Control Plane Prioritization (CPP) ensures the CPU always has sufficient bandwidth to process network control traffic
- PVST+ compatibility mode
- BPDU forwarding
- VCStack fast failover minimizes network disruption

- SFP+ stacking ports can be configured as 10G Ethernet ports

Security Features
- MAC address filtering and MAC address lock-down
- Port-based learn limits (intrusion detection)
- Access Control Lists (ACLs) based on layer 3 and 4 headers
- Secure Copy (SCP)
- BPDU protection
- Network Access and Control (NAC) features manage endpoint security
- Dynamic VLAN assignment
- Tri-authentication: MAC-based, web-based and IEEE 802.1x
- DoS attack blocking and virus throttling
- DHCP snooping, IP source guard and Dynamic ARP Inspection (DAI)
- Strong password security and encryption
- Auth fail and guest VLANs
- Secure File Transfer Protocol (SFTP) client
- RADIUS and TACACS+ for Authentication, Authorization and Accounting (AAA)
- Bootloader can be password protected for device security
- Local RADIUS server for user and device authentication
- Configurable ACLs for management traffic
- RADIUS group selection per VLAN or port

VLAN Support
- Generic VLAN Registration Protocol (GVRP)
- Private VLANs provide security and port isolation for multiple customers using the same VLAN
- Upstream Forwarding Only (UFO)
- VLAN ID translation
- Voice VLAN

Environmental Specifications
- Operating temperature range: 0°C to 50°C (32°F to 122°F)
- Storage temperature range: -25°C to 70°C (-13°F to 158°F)
- Operating relative humidity range: 5% to 90% non-condensing
- Storage relative humidity range: 5% to 95% non-condensing
- Operating altitude: 3,048 meters maximum (10,000 ft)

Electrical Approvals and Compliances
- EMC: EN55032 class A, FCC class A, VCCI class A, ICES-003 class A
- Immunity: EN55035, EN61000-3-levels 2 (Harmonics), and 3 (Flicker) – AC models only

Safety
- Standards: UL62368-1, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No.62368-1, EN62368-1, EN60825-1, AS/NZS62368.1
- Certification: UL, cUL

Restrictions on Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Compliance
- EU RoHS compliant
- China RoHS compliant

Product Specifications

PRODUCT	10/100/1000T (RJ-45) COPPER PORTS	1/2.5/5/10GT COPPER PORT	1/10G SFP+ PORT	TOTAL PORTS	STACKING PORTS	SWITCHING FABRIC	FORWARDING RATE
x330-10GTX	8	1	1	10	-	56Gbps	41.6Mpps
x330-20GTX	16	2	2	20	6	72Gbp	83.3Mpps
x330-28GTX	24	2	2	28	6	128Gbp	95.2Mpps
x330-52GTX	48	2	2	52	6	176Gbp	130.9Mpps

Physical Specifications

PRODUCT	WIDTH X DEPTH X HEIGHT	MOUNTING	WEIGHT		PACKAGED DIMENSIONS
			UNPACKAGED	PACKAGED	
x330-10GTX	263 x 179 x 38 mm (10.35 x 7.04 x 1.497 in)	Rack-mount	1.6 kg (3.53 lb)	2.97 kg (6.55 lb)	462 x 258 x 107 mm (18.19 x 10.15 x 4.21 in)
x330-20GTX	341 x 231 x 44 mm (13.42 x 9.09 x 1.73 in)	Rack-mount	3.0 kg (6.61 lb)	4.42 kg (9.74 lb)	530 x 360 x 120 mm (20.86 x 14.17 x 4.72 in)
x330-28GTX	341 x 231 x 44 mm (13.42 x 9.09 x 1.73 in)	Rack-mount	3.1 kg (6.84 lb)	4.42 kg (9.74 lb)	530 x 360 x 120 mm (20.86 x 14.17 x 4.72 in)
x330-52GTX	441 x 323 x 44 mm (17.36 x 12.71 x 1.73 in)	Rack-mount	4.5 kg (9.92 lb)	6.20 kg (13.66 lb)	530 x 360 x 120 mm (20.86 x 14.17 x 4.72 in)

Latency (microseconds)

PRODUCT	PORT SPEED				
	100MBPS	1GBPS	2.5GBPS	5GBPS	10GBPS
x330-10GTX	6.22	3.68	3.24	2.86	1.73
x330-20GTX	7.32	3.73	3.48	3.13	1.87
x330-28GTX	7.18	3.71	3.39	3.04	1.82
x330-52GTX	7.11	3.62	3.56	3.08	2.31

Power and Noise Characteristics

PRODUCT	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION(W)	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION(BTU/H)	NOISE (DBA)
x330-10GTX	21	71	Fanless
x330-20GTX	28	96	Fanless
x330-28GTX	33	114	Fanless
x330-52GTX	52	181	45.4

Standards and Protocols

AlliedWare Plus Operating System
Version 5.5.4

Authentication
RFC 1321   MD5 Message-Digest algorithm
RFC 1828   IP authentication using keyed MD5

Cryptographic Algorithms
FIPS Approved Algorithms
Encryption (Block Ciphers):
▶ AES (ECB, CBC, CFB and OFB Modes)
▶ 3DES (ECB, CBC, CFB and OFB Modes)
Block Cipher Modes:
▶ CCM
▶ CMAC
▶ GCM
▶ XTS
Digital Signatures & Asymmetric Key Generation:
▶ DSA
▶ ECDSA
▶ RSA
Secure Hashing:
▶ SHA-1
▶ SHA-2 (SHA-224, SHA-256, SHA-384. SHA-512)
Message Authentication:
▶ HMAC (SHA-1, SHA-2(224, 256, 384, 512)
Random Number Generation:
▶ DRBG (Hash, HMAC and Counter)

Non FIPS Approved Algorithms
RNG (AES128/192/256)
DES
MD5

Ethernet Standards
IEEE 802.2   Logical Link Control (LLC)
IEEE 802.3   Ethernet
IEEE 802.3ab 1000BASE-T
IEEE 802.3ae 10 Gigabit Ethernet
IEEE 802.3az Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE)
IEEE 802.3bz 2.5GBASE-T and 5GBASE-T ("multi-gigabit")
IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-X
IEEE 802.3x Flow control - full-duplex operation
IEEE 802.3z 1000BASE-X

IPv4 Features
RFC 768   User Datagram Protocol (UDP)
RFC 791   Internet Protocol (IP)
RFC 792   Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)
RFC 793   Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)
RFC 826   Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)
RFC 894   Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over Ethernet networks
RFC 919   Broadcasting Internet datagrams
RFC 922   Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the presence of subnets
RFC 932   Subnetwork addressing scheme
RFC 950   Internet standard subnetting procedure
RFC 951   Bootstrap Protocol (BootP)
RFC 1027   Proxy ARP
RFC 1035   DNS client
RFC 1042   Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks
RFC 1071   Computing the Internet checksum
RFC 1122   Internet host requirements
RFC 1191   Path MTU discovery
RFC 1256   ICMP router discovery messages
RFC 1518   An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR
RFC 1519   Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)
RFC 1542   Clarifications and extensions for BootP
RFC 1591   Domain Name System (DNS)
RFC 1812   Requirements for IPv4 routers
RFC 1918   IP addressing

RFC 2581   TCP congestion control
RFC 3021   Using 31-bit prefixes on IPv4 point-to-point links

IPv6 Features
RFC 1981   Path MTU discovery for IPv6
RFC 2460   IPv6 specification
RFC 2464   Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet networks
RFC 2711   IPv6 router alert option
RFC 3484   Default address selection for IPv6
RFC 3587   IPv6 global unicast address format
RFC 3596   DNS extensions to support IPv6
RFC 4007   IPv6 scoped address architecture
RFC 4193   Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses
RFC 4213   Transition mechanisms for IPv6 hosts and routers
RFC 4291   IPv6 addressing architecture
RFC 4443   Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6)
RFC 4861   Neighbor discovery for IPv6
RFC 4862   IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-Configuration (SLAAC)
RFC 5014   IPv6 socket API for source address selection
RFC 5095   Deprecation of type 0 routing headers in IPv6
RFC 5175   IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) flags option
RFC 6105   IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) guard

Management
AT Enterprise MIB including AMF Plus MIB and SNMP traps
Optical DDM MIB
SNMPv1, v2c and v3
ANSI/TIA-1057 LLDP-Media Endpoint Detection
IEEE 802.1AB Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)
RFC 1155   Structure and identification of management information for TCP/IP-based Internets
RFC 1157   Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)
RFC 1212   Concise MIB definitions
RFC 1213   MIB for network management of TCP/IP-based Internets: MIB-II

RFC 1215   Convention for defining traps for use with the SNMP
RFC 1227   SNMP MUX protocol and MIB
RFC 1239   Standard MIB
RFC 1724   RIPv2 MIB extension
RFC 2578   Structure of Management Information v2 (SMIv2)
RFC 2579   Textual conventions for SMIv2
RFC 2580   Conformance statements for SMIv2
RFC 2674   Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions
RFC 2741   Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol
RFC 2787   Definitions of managed objects for VRRP
RFC 2819   RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9)
RFC 2863   Interfaces group MIB
RFC 3176   sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in switched and routed networks
RFC 3411   An architecture for describing SNMP management frameworks
RFC 3412   Message processing and dispatching for the SNMP
RFC 3413   SNMP applications
RFC 3414   User-based Security Model (USM) for SNMPv3
RFC 3415   View-based Access Control Model (VACM) for SNMP
RFC 3416   Version 2 of the protocol operations for the SNMP
RFC 3417   Transport mappings for the SNMP
RFC 3418   MIB for SNMP
RFC 3635   Definitions of managed objects for the Ethernet-like interface types
RFC 3636   IEEE 802.3 MAU MIB
RFC 4022   MIB for the Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)
RFC 4113   MIB for the User Datagram Protocol (UDP)
RFC 4188   Definitions of managed objects for bridges
RFC 4292   IP forwarding table MIB
RFC 4293   MIB for the Internet Protocol (IP)
RFC 4318   Definitions of managed objects for bridges with RSTP
RFC 4502   RMON 2
RFC 4560   Definitions of managed objects for remote ping, traceroute and lookup operations
RFC 5424   The Syslog protocol
RFC 6527   Definitions of managed objects for VRRPv3

Multicast Support

Bootstrap Router (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM
IGMP query solicitation
IGMP snooping (IGMPv1, v2 and v3)
IGMP snooping fast-leave
IGMP/MLD multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy)
MLD snooping (MLDv1 and v2)
PIM and PIM SSM for IPv6
RFC 1112   Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1)
RFC 2236   Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2)
RFC 2710   Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6
RFC 2715   Interoperability rules for multicast routing protocols
RFC 3306   Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast addresses
RFC 3376   IGMPv3
RFC 3618   Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP)
RFC 3810   Multicast Listener Discovery v2 (MLDv2) for IPv6
RFC 3956   Embedding the Rendezvous Point (RP) address in an IPv6 multicast address
RFC 3973   PIM Dense Mode (DM)

RFC 4541   IGMP and MLD snooping switches
RFC 4604   Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source-specific multicast
RFC 4607   Source-specific multicast for IP
RFC 7761   Protocol Independent Multicast - Sparse Mode (PIM-SM)

Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)

OSPF link-local signaling
OSPF MD5 authentication
Out-of-band LSDB resync
RFC 1245   OSPF protocol analysis
RFC 1246   Experience with the OSPF protocol
RFC 1370   Applicability statement for OSPF
RFC 1765   OSPF database overflow
RFC 2328   OSPFv2
RFC 2370   OSPF opaque LSA option
RFC 2740   OSPFv3 for IPv6
RFC 3101   OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option
RFC 3509   Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers
RFC 3623   Graceful OSPF restart
RFC 3630   Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF
RFC 4552   Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3
RFC 5329   Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3
RFC 5340   OSPFv3 for IPv6 (partial support)

Quality of Service (QoS)

IEEE 802.1p   Priority tagging
RFC 2211   Specification of the controlled-load network element service
RFC 2474   DiffServ precedence for eight queues/port
RFC 2475   DiffServ architecture
RFC 2597   DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF)
RFC 2697   A single-rate three-color marker
RFC 2698   A two-rate three-color marker
RFC 3246   DiffServ Expedited Forwarding (EF)

Resiliency Features

ITU-T G.8032 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS)
IEEE 802.1ag CFM Continuity Check Protocol (CCP)
IEEE 802.1AXLink aggregation (static and LACP)
IEEE 802.1D   MAC bridges
IEEE 802.1s   Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP)
IEEE 802.1w   Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)
IEEE 802.3adStatic and dynamic link aggregation
RFC 5798   Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol version 3 (VRRPv3) for IPv4 and IPv6

Routing Information Protocol (RIP)

RFC 1058   Routing Information Protocol (RIP)
RFC 2080   RIPng for IPv6
RFC 2081   RIPng protocol applicability statement
RFC 2082   RIP-2 MD5 authentication
RFC 2453   RIPv2

Security Features

SSH remote login
SSLv2 and SSLv3
TACACS+ Accounting, Authentication and Authorization (AAA)
IEEE 802.1X   Authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP and MD5)
IEEE 802.1X   Multi-supplicant authentication
IEEE 802.1X   Port-based network access control
RFC 2560   X.509 Online Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP)
RFC 2818   HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS")
RFC 2865   RADIUS authentication

RFC 2866   RADIUS accounting
RFC 2868   RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support
RFC 2986   PKCS #10: certification request syntax specification v1.7
RFC 3546   Transport Layer Security (TLS) extensions
RFC 3579   RADIUS support for Extensible AuthenticationProtocol (EAP)
RFC 3580   IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines
RFC 3748   PPP Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)
RFC 4251   Secure Shell (SSHv2) protocol architecture
RFC 4252   Secure Shell (SSHv2) authentication protocol
RFC 4253   Secure Shell (SSHv2) transport layer protocol
RFC 4254   Secure Shell (SSHv2) connection protocol
RFC 5246   Transport Layer Security (TLS) v1.2
RFC 5280   X.509 certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) profile
RFC 5425   Transport Layer Security (TLS) transport mapping for Syslog
RFC 5656   Elliptic curve algorithm integration for SSH
RFC 6125   Domain-based application service identity within PKI using X.509 certificates with TLS
RFC 6614   Transport Layer Security (TLS) encryption for RADIUS
RFC 6668   SHA-2 data integrity verification for SSH

Services

RFC 854   Telnet protocol specification
RFC 855   Telnet option specifications
RFC 857   Telnet echo option
RFC 858   Telnet suppress go ahead option
RFC 1091   Telnet terminal-type option
RFC 1350   Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)
RFC 1985   SMTP service extension
RFC 2049   MIME
RFC 2131   DHCPv4 (server, relay and client)
RFC 2132   DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions
RFC 2616   Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1
RFC 2821   Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)
RFC 2822   Internet message format
RFC 3046   DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82)
RFC 3315   DHCPv6 (server, relay and client)
RFC 3396   Encoding long options in DHCPv4
RFC 3633   IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6
RFC 3646   DNS configuration options for DHCPv6
RFC 3993   Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option
RFC 4330   Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4
RFC 4954   SMTP service extension for authentication
RFC 5905   Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4

VLAN Support

Generic VLAN Registration Protocol (GVRP)
IEEE 802.1ad Provider bridges (VLAN stacking, Q-in-Q)
IEEE 802.1Q   Virtual LAN (VLAN) bridges
IEEE 802.1v   VLAN classification by protocol and port
IEEE 802.3acVLAN tagging

x330 Series | Stackable Multi-Gigabit Layer 3 Access Switches

Feature Licenses

NAME	DESCRIPTION	INCLUDES	STACK LICENSING
AT-FL-x330-01	x330 Premium license	▶ OSPF[1] (256 routes) ▶ PIMv4-SM, DM and SSM v4 ▶ RIPng[2] (256 routes) ▶ OSPFv3[2] (256 routes) ▶ PIM-SMv6/SSMv6 ▶ MLD v1/v2 ▶ VLAN double tagging (Q-in-Q) ▶ VLAN translation	▶ One license per stack member
AT-FL-x330-8032	ITU-T G.8032 license	▶ G.8032 ring protection ▶ Ethernet CFM	▶ One license per stack
AT-FL-x330-OF13-1YR	OpenFlow license	▶ OpenFlow v1.3 for 1 year	▶ Not supported on a stack
AT-FL-x330-OF13-5YR	OpenFlow license	▶ OpenFlow v1.3 for 5 years	▶ Not supported on a stack

[1] The standard switch software supports 1,000 IPv4 Static, 256 RIP, and 64 OSPF routes
[2] The standard switch software supports 1,000 IPv6 Static, and no RIPng or OSPFv3 routes

Ordering Information

Model availability can vary between regions. Please check to see which models are available in your region.

AT-x330-10GTX-xx
8-port 10/100/1000T switch, with 1 x 1/2.5/5/10G copper port, 1 x SFP/SFP+ port, and 1 fixed PSU

AT-x330-20GTX-xx
16-port 10/100/1000T switch, with 2 x 1/2.5/5/10G copper ports, 2 x SFP/SFP+ ports, and1 fixed PSU

AT-x330-28GTX-xx
24-port 10/100/1000T switch, with 2 x 1/2.5/5/10G copper ports, 2 x SFP/SFP+ ports, and 1 fixed PSU

AT-x330-52GTX-xx
48-port 10/100/1000T switch, with 2 x 1/2.5/5/10G copper ports, 2 x SFP/SFP+ ports, and 1 fixed PSU

AT-RKMT-J05
Rack Mount Tray for x330-10GTX

AT-RKMT-J13
Rack Mount Kit for x330-20GTX and 28GTX

AT-RKMT-SL01
Sliding rackmount kit for x330-52GTX

AT-BRKT-J23
Wall mount kit for x330-10GTX

AT-BRKT-J24
Wall mount kit for 330-20GTX and 28GTX

AT-VT-Kit3
Management Cable (USB to Serial Console)

AT-STND-J03
Stand-kit for 330-20GTX and 28GTX

Where x =   10 for US power cord
            30 for UK power cord
            40 for Australian power cord
            50 for European power cord

10G SFP+ Modules
Any 10G SFP+ module or cable can be used for stacking with the front panel 10G ports

AT-SP10SR
10GSR 850 nm short-haul, 300 m with MMF

AT-SP10SR/I
10GSR 850 nm short-haul, 300 m with MMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10LR20/I
10GER 1310 nm long-haul, 20 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10TM
1G/2.5G/5G/10G, 100m copper, TAA[3]

AT-SP10BD10/I-12
10 GbE Bi-Di (1270 nm Tx, 1330 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km industrial temperature, TAA[3]

AT-SP10BD10/I-13
10 GbE Bi-Di (1330 nm Tx, 1270 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km industrial temperature, TAA[3]

AT-SP10BD20-12
10 GbE Bi-Di (1270 nm Tx, 1330 nm Rx) fiber up to 20 km, TAA[3]

AT-SP10BD20-13
10 GbE Bi-Di (1330 nm Tx, 1270 nm Rx) fiber up to 20 km, TAA[3]

AT-SP10TW1
1 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

AT-SP10TW3
3 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

1000Mbps SFP Modules

AT-SPSX
1000SX GbE multi-mode 850 nm fiber up to 550 m

AT-SPLX10a
1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 10 km

AT-SPLX10/I
1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 10 km, industrial temperature

AT-SPBD10-13
1000LX (LC) GbE Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1490 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km

AT-SPBD10-14
1000LX (LC) GbE Bi-Di (1490 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km

AT-SPBD20-13/I
1000BX GbE Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1490 nm Rx) fiber up to 20 km

AT-SPBD20-14/I
1000BX GbE Bi-Di (1490 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 20 km

AT-SPBD40-13/I
1000LX (LC) GbE single-mode Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1490 nm Rx) fiber up to 40 km, industrial temperature

AT-SPBD40-14/I
1000LX (LC) GbE single-mode Bi-Di (1490 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 40 km, industrial temperature

AT-SPLX40
1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 40 km

AT-SPTXc
10/100/1000 TX (RJ45), up to 100 m

[3] Trade Act Agreement compliant